

About Premier's Netting

- Simple and quick to install (10 min. average)
- Complete—all you need is an energizer and corner posts
- Durable—will last 10 years if used with care
- Very adaptable—to hills, dips and curves

Delivered **FREE** to your door.

Our netting comes to you in a tidy easy-to-carry roll. Just attach an energizer and you're ready to go. Netting and a portable energizer can fence any pasture.

Why Premier knows netting...

- We've used it since 1970—longer than anyone in the US.
- It's used 24/7 at Premier to fence sheep, goats, poultry and dogs in—and fence deer, coyotes and stray dogs out.
- We talk daily to netting users (thousands per year) nationwide—who let us know what they like and/or dislike; when it works and where and why it doesn't.

Why it's unique...

- It's easy to move.
- It requires minimal sweat energy.
- It's quick. 600 ft can be moved or installed in an evening by nearly anyone over 12 years old.
- It doesn't require tools.
- It's not physically strong. It relies upon pain and the animal's memory to contain or repel it.

How netting works...

The visual combination of a **close mesh** of vertical and horizontal wires **encourages animals to touch it with their sensitive head, nose or ears.**

All horizontal strands (except for the bottom strand) in most nets connect to a powerful fence energizer that sends a shock down the wires once per second.

Result? **Animals touch it, conclude the fence is painful—and then avoid it.**

PoultryNet 12/42/3 vs Others

Premier's netting is not just better. It's also much less expensive—because we buy direct from the world's best manufacturer.

Source	Height	Length	Price
Premier	42"	164'	\$159.00
Other catalogs	42"	164'	\$189.95
Farmstore	42"	164'	\$178.99

Ours vs others'

What Premier's netting has that other competitor nets don't:

1. Drivable posts in select nets.

2. Plus Nets—

Extra posts to reduce sagging and adapt better to curves and hills.

3. FiberTuff™ support posts.

4. Much better conductivity.

5. Struts as verticals—

Easier to roll/unroll. Less likely to sag than nets with strings/stays.

6. Stronger horizontal strands.

What users like about it...

- It works so well. No other **portable** fence even comes close to netting's effectiveness in the field.
- It's so quick and simple to move. So users fence a few days' worth of grass instead of an entire field.
- Each roll is a complete fence.
- Requires little tension, and adapts easily to curves and hills. The adage "the best fence is a straight fence" does not apply to netting.
- Does not need a gate. Instead, we disconnect the power and remove an end post to make an opening.
- The rolls, with posts included, are not heavy (average 23 lb). The 164 ft roll (left) is not an exaggeration of its ease of carrying.

What users dislike about it...

- It must be moved when tall grass covers the lower "live" strands.
The alternative? Apply a strip of a herbicide to kill vegetation.
- Ice and heavy snow can flatten and thereby damage it.
- High winds can bend it.
- Animals can become entangled in it and die. On a % basis, entanglement is very rare, but it can and does occur.
- **That you can't (or shouldn't) ever climb or step over netting when it is energized. First turn it off—always!**

Some rules for reducing risk of animals challenging electric netting...

- Use a high output energizer. to combat weed contact and intimidate animals. If soil is dry, use a wide-impedance unit.
- **Never** leave netting unenergized.
- **Do not** allow animals of the same species (i.e. sheep/sheep) to be on both sides of a net simultaneously.
- **Never** use netting to separate mothers from weaned progeny.
- **Never** force animals against netting. It's not a physical barrier.

Why a taller net is not always the best choice...

Because shorter nets are:

- Easier to install and/or remove.
- Less affected by high winds.
- Less expensive (usually).

Netting protects or contains...



Livestock

ElectroNet 9/35/12 contains sheep/lambs and goats/kids and protects them from coyotes, stray dogs and foxes.



Dogs

Canines are very sensitive to electric fences (PermaNet 10/48/6 above). So it keeps both big and small dogs in/out. Keeps coyotes and foxes out.



Poultry

PoultryNet protects poultry from predators—coyotes, foxes, dogs, raccoons and (yes) even bears (who fear electric fences).



Sweet Corn

RaccoonNet 4/18/12 is the most reliable fence to keep raccoons from sweet corn. 18" tall—adults can step over it (when it's turned off).



Soft Fruit

Protect raspberries and other soft fruits from deer, raccoons and other wildlife. PermaNet 12/48/3 (above) and 10/48/6 both do this well.



Beehives

Bear QuikFence 12/35/12 protects beehives from wildlife (bears) and curious livestock (cattle, goats or pigs).



Gardens

VersaNet Plus 12/60/3 keeps deer, coyotes, dogs, raccoons, woodchucks and rabbits out of fruit, vegetables and flowers.



Windbreaks

PermaNet 12/68/6 keeps most deer out of windbreaks. You can also use Deer QuikFence.



Pigs/Feral Hogs

QuikFence 6/30/12 is an instant fence for pastured pigs. Also see our HogNet.

Netting stops pests and predators like these and many more...



Line Post Options

Line posts that are already built-in to nets.

Single Spike (SS) Post

Available in these nets:

- Chicken Net
- Goat & Sheep Net
- Sheep & Goat Net
- ElectroFence®
- ElectroNet®
- ElectroStop®
- HogNet®
- PermaNet®
- Pig QuikFence®
- PoultryNet®
- RaccoonNet®
- VersaNet® Plus



We recommend these unless your soil is always soft.

Single Spikes (SS)

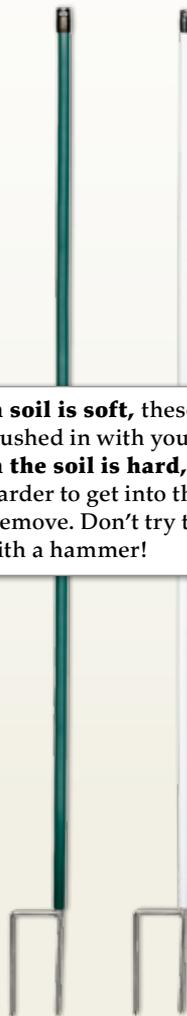
NetPost 13 or 15—0.26" dia, 6" long
NetPost 19—0.31" dia, 7" long

Note: 19mm spikes are longer and posts are larger. Because of this, they provide more support—but are a bit harder to install and remove.

Double Spike (DS) Post

Available in these nets:

- Deer, Sheep, Horse and Cattle QuikFence®
- ElectroFence®
- ElectroNet®
- ElectroNet® Plus
- ElectroStop®
- PermaNet®
- PermaNet® Plus
- PoultryNet®
- VersaNet® Plus



When soil is soft, these are easily pushed in with your foot.
When the soil is hard, they are much harder to get into the soil and to remove. Don't try to drive them with a hammer!

Double Spikes (DS)

NetPost 13 or 15—0.26" dia, 6" long
NetPost 19—0.31" dia, 7" long

Note: PermaNet spikes are longer and posts are larger. Because of this, they provide more support—but are a bit harder to install and remove.

Drivable Post (DP)

Available in these nets:

- Bear QuikFence®
- ElectroNet®
- ElectroStop®
- PoultryNet®



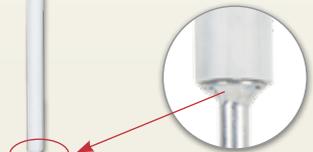
New! Dead Blow Hammer

The drivable post drive cap (brown in color) can be hit with a dead blow hammer or mallet (not steel).

1 lb.....#205015 \$9.50

Who needs Drivable Posts?

- Those who find it difficult to push single spikes or step double spikes into hard soil. (This includes us).
- Those who install net into dry, hard soils; frozen soils; rocky soils.



Spike Stop helps prevent spike from being driven into the post.

Drivable Post (DP)

6" long

When using a hammer to drive the post into hard or rocky soils, the spike stop prevents the spike from being forced up into the post.

Plus vs Standard Net

The key difference?

Plus nets have additional posts, which means a **shorter distance between line posts**.

More posts mean less sagging between posts. **Those who have used both almost always prefer the Plus nets.**

When Plus nets excel...

1. For fences that involve curves, corners and directional change. Added posts enable the fence to better adapt to corners and curves with minimal sagging. FiberTuff support posts are still recommended at 90° corners.
2. When aesthetics are a concern. Less sagging = more eye appeal.
3. When netting will be moved less often.

Why do we offer both?

1. Standard is less expensive.
 2. Many like standard netting.
 3. Users who own Plus nets seem very pleased with it (as are we).
- So we continue to supply both.

When to use Standard nets...

1. For a straight fence line with no curves. Purchase additional posts for corner support.
2. When your energizer is large/strong enough to cope with the extra sagging and grass contact.

Drawbacks of Plus nets...

1. They are heavier and bulkier per foot than standard nets.
2. They are more expensive due to additional posts.
3. Extra posts per roll make them more work to move.

Quick notes...

1. PoultryNet Plus and PermaNet Plus nets use the same mesh design as standard PoultryNet.
2. Added posts = added weight. To make the rolls easier to handle, we shortened the lengths to 50 ft and 100 ft rolls (instead of 82 ft and 164 ft rolls).

Color Options



White vs Green Net

White/Black Net

White enhances visibility to both humans and animals. Much easier to see at night.

Green/Black Net

Some prefer green because it blends into a green-grass background.



White vs Orange Net

Premier's Net (white)

For both humans and animals, white is the obvious choice when visibility is a concern.

Other's net (orange)

Many assume orange is the most visible. Orange is actually harder to see (and it appears dark gray at night).

Yellow vs Orange Net (not shown)

Premier's Yellow Net—considered more visible than orange nets. Offered as a comparison to competitors' orange nets.



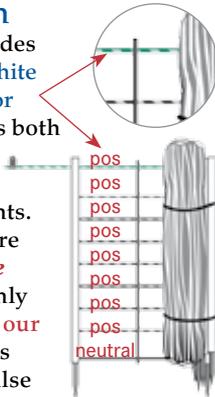
Electric Netting: key details

Conductivity

1. Premium

Design includes a green and white superconductor strand that has both stainless steel and tinned copper filaments.

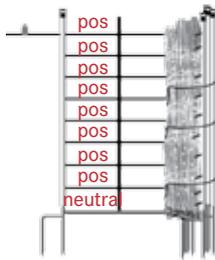
These nets are **10 times more conductive** (only 38 ohms) than our basic nets. This enables the pulse to go much farther and be less affected by weed contact.



2. Basic

Very similar in design and conductivity (380 ohms) to nets from our competitors.

They are not advised for fences exceeding 600 ft.



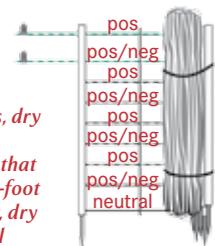
3. Pos/Neg

For sites where soil resistance is high (brown grass, dry soil, snow).

Also for species that make poor soil-to-foot contact due to fur, dry hooves or minimal weight (e.g. goats).

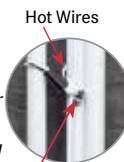
These nets are wired to allow using every other horizontal strand as an extension of the grounding system. This will deliver more pain to animals than normal nets but they must be installed with care and checked often to remove objects that might have fallen on or against it (potential shorts).

Easily "wired" in seconds to work like other nets—with all horizontals positive.



How is Pos/Neg made?

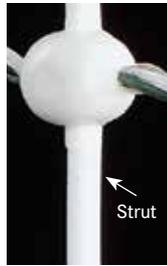
With Pos/Neg nets, the horizontal strands must never touch each other. An extra tube (at right) keeps opposing conductors separate.



Vertical Types

1. Large plastic struts

- ElectroNet
- ElectroStop
- ElectroFence
- RaccoonNet
- HogNet
- Cattle QuikFence
- Deer QuikFence
- Horse QuikFence
- Pig QuikFence
- Bear QuikFence



Struts (shown 2x actual size) are able to hold strands above the soil when net passes over rises in terrain or grass.

Allows net to be set up with less tension (because struts offer support between posts). Easier to fence curves and corners due to less tension.

Enables net to maintain height between horizontals. Makes handling easier during installation or removal.

2. String verticals

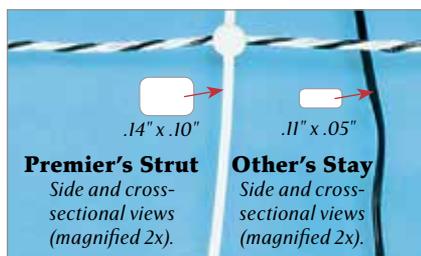
- VersaNet Plus
- PoultryNet
- Sheep QuikFence
- All PermaNets
- Sheep & Goat Net
- Goat & Sheep Net
- Chicken Net



String (shown 2x actual size) nets (excluding PermaNets) are best for shorter fence lines.

Does not provide support when net passes over rises in terrain or grass. Net will sag a little between posts.

Verticals—ours vs others



Premier introduced nets with struts in 1979. A competitor offers nets with "stays" and implies the "stays" are equal to our struts. In truth they are much smaller and flexible and therefore less able to provide the same support as struts.

Post Ground Spikes

1. Single Spike (SS)

NetPost 13 (SS) & NetPost 15 (SS)

- Sheep & Goat Net
- Goat & Sheep Net
- Chicken Net
- VersaNet Plus 9/20/3
- VersaNet Plus 11/30/3
- ElectroNet
- RaccoonNet
- PoultryNet
- HogNet
- ElectroStop



NetPost 19 (SS)

- Pig QuikFence
- PermaNet 10/48/6
- PermaNet 12/48/3
- ElectroFence 11/48/12

Harder to install/remove than standard 6" spike but better support in soft soils.



2. Double Spike (DS)

NetPost 13 (DS) & NetPost 15 (DS)

- ElectroNet
- ElectroNet Plus
- ElectroStop
- PoultryNet Plus
- PoultryNet
- ElectroStop Plus

Spikes can be pushed in with your foot if soil is not too hard.



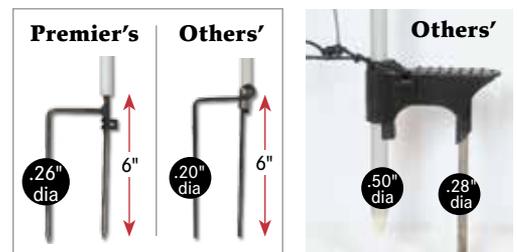
NetPost 19 (DS)

- Deer, Sheep, Horse and Cattle QuikFence
- PermaNet 10/48/6
- PermaNet Plus 12/48/3
- PermaNet 12/68/6
- PermaNet 19/68/3
- ElectroFence 11/48/12
- VersaNet Plus 12/60/3

Easier to install than single spikes; can be pushed in with your foot—if soil is soft.



Double-spike—Ours vs others



Premier's steel spike is pointed and 30% larger in diameter. Our "foot bar" is wider and welded to the main spike.

Others' (above left) are formed by bending and then squeezed onto a rod into the PVC.

Others' (above right) are an extension of the fiberglass post with a plastic footplate and 6" spike.

Spikes Cont.

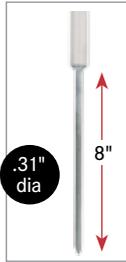
Line Post Strength, Sizes and Diameter

3. Drivable Post (DP)

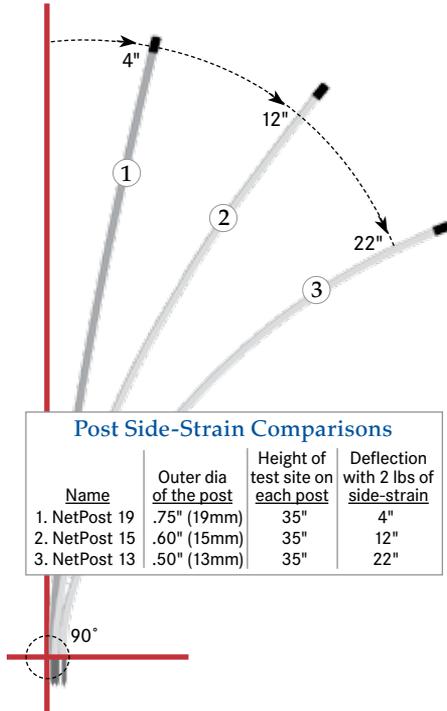
NetPost 19 (DP)

- ElectroNet 9/35/12
- Bear QuikFence 12/35/12
- ElectroStop 10/42/12
- PoultryNet 12/42/3
- PoultryNet 12/48/3

Ground spikes have a washer welded to the steel to prevent it from being forced up into the post by the impact of hitting the top of the post.



(below) Diagram illustrates the post's relative ability to resist at side pressures of curves, corners, wind, rain, ice and snow. Note that NetPost 15 is 2 times stiffer than NetPost 13 (which is already larger than most net posts).



- .75" dia (19mm)
- Actual size cross-section
- PVC post (6 internal fiberglass ribs enhance strength)



- .60" dia (15mm)
- Actual size cross-section
- PVC post (6 internal fiberglass ribs enhance strength)



- .50" dia (13mm)
- Actual size cross-section
- Hollow PVC post

1. NetPost 19

- PermaNet
- PermaNet Plus
- ElectroFence
- All QuikFences
- NetGates
- VersaNet 60"
- ElectroNet (DP)
- ElectroStop (DP)
- PoultryNet (DP)

2. NetPost 15

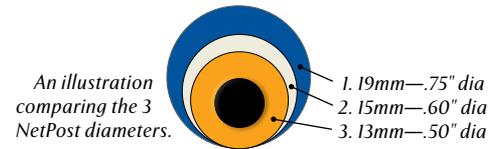
- ElectroStop
- ElectroStop Plus
- PoultryNet
- PoultryNet Plus
- Chicken Net

3. NetPost 13

- ElectroNet
- ElectroNet Plus
- VersaNet Plus
- RaccoonNet
- HogNet
- Sheep Net
- Goat Net

Post Side-Strain Comparisons

Name	Outer dia of the post	Height of test site on each post	Deflection with 2 lbs of side-strain
1. NetPost 19	.75" (19mm)	35"	4"
2. NetPost 15	.60" (15mm)	35"	12"
3. NetPost 13	.50" (13mm)	35"	22"



New!



New! Dead Blow Hammer

The drivable post drive cap (brown in color) can be hit with a dead blow hammer or mallet (not steel).

Hammer, 1 lb#205015 \$9.50

Others' .50" fiberglass rod. Very stiff (good) but weighs more than PVC posts.

Premier's posts are either .50", .60" or .75" PVC. The .60" and .75" posts have 6 fiberglass cable filaments for reinforcement.

A 42" NetPost 15 (double spike) weighs .8 lb—and by comparison, a 40" fiberglass rod (with foot) weighs 1 lb. That .2 lb weight difference adds up quickly (for 5 posts = 1 lb; for 10 posts = 2 lb).

Line Post Spacings

Plus Nets vs Standard Nets...

Premier "Plus" versions reduce the need for extra line posts because "Plus" net posts are spaced every 6.8 ft (below, in front) to reduce potential sag between the posts at curves and corners. **Standard Nets**, by comparison, have posts spaced every 12 ft (below, in back).

Plus Nets:

- ElectroNet Plus
- ElectroStop Plus
- ElectroFence Plus
- PermaNet Plus
- PoultryNet Plus (shown)
- VersaNet Plus

Standard Nets:

- ElectroNet
- ElectroStop
- ElectroFence
- PermaNet
- PoultryNet (shown)
- VersaNet
- QuikFence
- Bear QuikFence
- Chicken Net
- Goat & Sheep Net
- Sheep & Goat Net

Standard Nets
12 ft between built-in line posts

Plus Nets
6.8 ft between built-in line posts

